

Alton Park's Progression in PSHE Knowledge and Skills

PSHE	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Me and my	Understand	Understand why rules	Describe intensity of	To understand how to	Demonstrate a
<u>relationships</u>	classroom rules.	are important and	feelings both good and	collaborate with	collaborative
		consider consequences	not so good.	others.	approach.
	Take part in creating	of breaking rules.			
<u>Key:</u>	classroom rules.		Explain positive	To know how to	Describe and
Rule of law		Explain feelings of loss.	healthy relationships.	negotiate and	implement the skills
	Understand people			compromise to resolve	needed for this.
British values	express their	Identify different skills	Recognise when to	issues.	
Democracy (feelings differently.	people bring to group	say no to a friend.		Demonstrate
student council)		tasks.		Understand the key	strategies from
	Understand the		Demonstrating	qualities of friendship.	negotiating and
E-safety	terms bullying and	Identify people with	strategies' for		compromising.
	teasing.	whom they have a	collaborating on a	Identify what makes a	
Sex Education		special relationship.	task.	relationship healthy/	Recognise some of
	Understand and			unhealthy and know	the challenges in
<u>Underlined</u>	describe strategies	Rehearse strategies for	Recognise people can	who to talk to if they	friendships and
seconds layer of	for dealing with	resolution in conflict.	feel differently in the	need help.	suggest strategies for
notification for	bullying and	l	same situation.		dealing with them.
parents.	teasing.	Explain what a dare is		Identify passive	
		and suggest strategies	Demonstrate feelings	aggressive and	Recognise peer
Oracy	Explain the	to deal with dares.	through face and body	assertive behaviours.	influence and
opportunities	difference between		and understand that		pressure.

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	bullying and	Express opinions and	feelings can change	Rehearse	l
	isolated unkind	consider others points	over time.	assertiveness.	Use role play for
Cross curriculum	behaviour.	of view.			rehearsing how to
link – science			Understand strategies	To recognise	resist peer influence
	Recognise that	Understand that my	to respond to bullying	emotional need and to	and pressure.
Term it is covered	friendship is a	friends sometimes fall	and peer pressure.	identify risk factors.	
and when	special kind of	out and rehearse how			Understand peer
	relationship.	to make up.	Drama opportunity	To recognise	group dynamics and
		10 mm 10 m	Use freeze frames,	responsible and	describe the
	Recognise names	Debate opportunity	photographs to	respectful	consequences of
	and understand	<u>Debate opportunity</u>	explore how people	relationships online.	relating to others in a
	how to deal with	1 01/1	feel differently.	Telationships online.	positive and negative
	feelings.	Is it ever OK to break a	leer differently.	Drama opportunity	way.
	leelings.	rule?		Roleplay of	Describe ways in
				assertiveness skills in	
					which people can
				different scenarios.	show their
					commitment to each
					other.
					Know the age at
					which a person can
					marry.
					Recognise that some
					types of physical
					contact can produce
					strong negative
					feelings and that
					some inappropriate
					touches are illegal.
					Todonos are megal.
					Identify strategies for
					keeping personal
					information safe
					online and describe

					safe and respectful behaviours when using technology. Drama opportunity for peer pressure situations.
Valuing difference	Identify physical and non-physical differences and	Recognise different types of family.	To define negotiation and compromise.	Describe ways to make a friendship last.	To recognise bullying and discriminatory behaviour can result
	similarities between people.	Understand the terms adoption, fostering and same sex relationships.	Understand the right to protect their personal body space.	Rehearse active listening and respectfulness.	from disrespecting others.
	Explain how a	·			Know that we have
	person's behaviour can affect others.	Recognise the benefits of belonging to a community.	Suggest who they can talk to if they are uncomfortable with	Empathise with people subjected to injustice including racism and	more in common than we have that is different about us.
	Identify people who		other people's actions.	consider how	
	are special to them.	Give examples of	Recognise and give	discrimination can be	Consider how to
	Explain how it feels to be part of a group	respectful language and how to challenge others viewpoints.	examples of the features of different	challenged. Identify and describe	respond to offensive behaviour or bullying.
	and left out of a	outlore viewpointe.	types of	different groups that	Demonstrate ways of
	group.	Explain that people In the U K have different	relationships.	make up their school community and other	showing respect.
	Describe kind and unkind acts.	origins.	Understand ways in which people can be	parts of the UK.	Understand prejudice and understand the
	Cuanant atratagian	Understand that	different from each	Explain the	benefits of living in a
	Suggest strategies for maintaining	repeated name calling is bullying.	other.	importance of mutual respect for different	diverse society. Explain the
	friendships.	Understand some of	Recognise the consequences of	faiths and beliefs.	importance of mutual respect for different
		the reasons why people are bullied.	being aggressive.	Understand that online information is not	faiths and beliefs.

			Define respect and ways of showing respect. Understand stereotypes in the media.	always true and accurate. Understand and explain the difference between sex, gender identity, gender expression and sexual orientation. Give examples of how individual and group action can impact on others.	Explain the difference between a friends and acquaintance and what the qualities of positive relationships are. Define the term stereotype. Recognise how stereotypes are reinforced and challenge stereotypes.
Keeping ourselves safe	Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; Give examples of some of the things that a person can do to feel better without use of medicines, if they are unwell; Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use.	Identify situations which are safe or unsafe; Identify people who can help if a situation is unsafe; Suggest strategies for keeping safe. Safe or unsafe? Define the words danger and risk and explain the difference between the two; Demonstrate strategies for dealing with a risky situation.	Define the terms 'danger', 'risk' and 'hazard' and explain the difference between them; Identify situations which are either dangerous, risky or hazardous; Suggest simple strategies for managing risk. Danger, risk or hazard?	Explain what a habit is, giving examples; Describe why and how a habit can be hard to change. Recognise that there are positive and negative risks; Explain how to weigh up risk factors when making a decision; Describe some of the possible outcomes of taking a risk.	Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online and face-to-face; Understand and describe the ease with which something posted online can spread. Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online;

Identify situations in which they would feel safe or unsafe;

Suggest actions for

dealing with unsafe situations including who they could ask for help.
How safe would you feel?
Children will be able to:

Identify situations in which they would need to say 'Yes', 'No', 'I'll ask', or 'I'll tell', in relation to keeping themselves and others safe.

Recognise that body language and facial expression can give clues as to how comfortable and safe someone feels in a situation;

Identify the types of touch they like and do not like;

Danger or risk? Children will be able to:

Identify risk factors in given situations; Suggest ways of reducing or managing those risks.

Identify some key risks from and effects of cigarettes and alcohol;

Know that most people choose not to smoke cigarettes; (Social Norms message)
Define the word 'drug' and understand that nicotine and alcohol are both drugs.
Alcohol and cigarettes: the facts

Evaluate the validity of statements relating to online safety; Recognise potential risks associated with browsing online; Give examples of strategies for safe

browsing online.

Identify images that are safe/unsafe to share online;

Know and explain strategies for safe online sharing; Understand and explain the implications of sharing images online without consent.
Picture wise Children will be able to:

Define what is meant by the word 'dare';

Identify from given scenarios which are dares and which are not;

Suggest strategies for managing dares.

Understand that medicines are drugs;

Explain safety issues for medicine use; Suggest alternatives to taking a medicine when unwell; Demonstrate strategies to deal with both face-to-face and online bullying;

Demonstrate strategies and skills for supporting others who are bullied;

Recognise and describe the difference between online and face-to-face bullying.

Define what is meant by a dare;

Explain why someone might give a dare;

Suggest ways of standing up to someone who gives a dare.

Recognise which situations are risky;

Explore and share their views about decision making when faced with a risky situation; Describe safe behaviours when using communication technology.

Know that it is illegal to create and share sexual images of children under 18 years old;

Explore the risks of sharing photos and films of themselves with other people directly or online;

Know how to keep their information private online.

Define what is meant by addiction, demonstrating an understanding that addiction is a form of behaviour:

Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of the ways these needs can be met. Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable.

Recognise that some touches are not fun and can hurt or be upsetting;

Know that they can ask someone to stop touching them;

Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable.

Identify safe secrets (including surprises) and unsafe secrets:

Recognise the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable.

Know that our body can often give us a sign when something doesn't feel right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult if this happens;

Recognise and describe appropriate behaviour online as well as offline;

Identify what constitutes personal information and when it is not appropriate or safe to share this;

Understand and explain how to get help in a situation where requests for images or information of themselves or others occurs.

Demonstrate strategies for assessing risks; Understand and explain decision-making skills; Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing routines).

Understand some of the key risks and effects of smoking and drinking alcohol;

Understand that increasing numbers of young people are choosing not to smoke and that not all people drink alcohol (Social Norms theory).

Describe stages of identifying and managing risk;

Suggest people they can ask for help in managing risk.

Understand that we can be influenced both positively and negatively; Give examples of some of the consequences of

Suggest what someone should do when faced with a risky situation.

Consider what information is safe/unsafe to share offline and online, and reflect on the consequences of not keeping personal information private;

Recognise that people aren't always who they appear to be online and explain risks of being friends online with a person they have not met face-to-face;

Know how to protect personal information online:

Recognise disrespectful behaviour online and know how to respond to it. Explain how drugs can be categorised into different groups depending on their medical and legal context;
Demonstrate an understanding that drugs can have both medical and non-medical uses:

Explain in simple terms some of the laws that control drugs in this country.

Understand some of the basic laws in relation to drugs; Explain why there are laws relating to drugs in this country.

Understand the actual norms around drinking alcohol and the reasons for common misperceptions of these;

Describe some of the effects and risks of drinking alcohol.

inappropriate touch can make someone feel; Understand that there are unsafe secrets and secrets	Understand where to get help from when making decisions. Understand that medicines are drugs and suggest ways that they can be helpful or harmful.	behaving in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way.	Understand some of the complexities of categorising drugs; Know that all medicines are drugs but not all drugs are medicines; Understand ways in which medicines can be helpful or harmful and used safely or unsafely. Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks; Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common	Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of the ways these needs can be met; Explain how these emotional needs impact on people's behaviour; Suggest positive ways that people can get their emotional need met. Understand and give examples of conflicting emotions; Understand and reflect on how independence and responsibility go together.

Rights and responsibilities Describe and record strategies for dealing with impulsive behaviour in the classroom. Explain, and be able to use strategies for dealing with behaviour. Identify people who are responsible for them to stay healthy and suggest why they can help these people. In the community that help keep them safe. Identify special people in the community that help keep them safe. Identify was they can help these people. Identify special people in the school environment. Define the terms to dendimy what they like about the school environment. Define responsibility and safe. Define responsibility and those who help them stay healthy and safe. Suggest ways to help people to keep healthy. Suggest ways to help people to keep healthy. Understand fact and opinion. Understand the media concerning health and wellbeing. Define the terms 'fact', 'opinion', 'biased' and 'unbiased', explaining the difference between fact and opinion. Suggest ways to help people to keep healthy. Understand fact and opinion. Understand the media concerning health and wellbeing. Define the terms to tay healthy and safe. Understand the difference between fact and opinion. Suggest ways to help people to keep healthy. Understand the media concerning health and wellbeing. Understand the difference between fact and opinion. Suggest ways to help people to keep healthy. Understand the media concerning health and wellbeing. Understand the difference between fact and opinion. Understand the media concerning health and wellbeing. Understand the difference between fact and opinion. Suggest ways to help people to keep healthy. Understand the media concerning health and wellbeing. Understand the difference between fact and opinion. Understand the media concerning health and wellbeing. Understand t

Understand that Recognise there are Define the word Give examples of Explain the different times when we can buy voluntary groups, the type of tax (income influence. people have kind of work they do tax and VAT) which choices with what to items we want and help to fund public times when we need to Recognise that reports do with their money. and its value. services and compare in the media can save for items. Recognise that influence the way they State the costs their value. money can be spent Suggest that items and think on a topic. involved in producing on essential and services around the Form opinions based and selling an item Explain the terms home need to be paid on factual information. voluntary, community non-essential items. Suggest questions a and pressure (action for. Know that money Explain how a consumer should ask group) Explain that people before buying a can be saved for bystander can the future and earn their money influence bullying or Describe the aim, product. reasons they might through jobs. anti-social behaviour. mission statement. Define the terms credit do this. activity and Understand the amount Understand the ways debit and interests. beneficiaries of a people get paid due to Suggest advice for a that various national chosen voluntary. a range of factors (skill community or action international range of situations experience, training, involving personal environmental group. responsibility). organisations work to finance. Explain what is meant help take care of the environment. To explain some of the by living in an environmentally local areas that local Define the terms councils have sustainable way and 'income and responsibility for and suggest actions that expenditure. understand that local can be taken to live in councillors are elected a more to represent their local List expenditure in the environmentally school home from sustainable way. community. most and least essential. Explain what is meant by income tax,

			National Insurance and vat. Understand payslips (showing both pay and deductions). Prioritise public services from most and least essential.		
Being my best	Explain the stages of the learning line showing an understanding of the learning process; Help themselves and others develop a positive attitude that support their wellbeing; Understand and give examples of things they can choose themselves and things that others choose for them; Explain things that they like and dislike, and understand that	Explain how each of the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) benefits the body; Explain what is meant by the term 'balanced diet'; Give examples of what foods might make up a healthy balanced meal. Explain how some infectious illnesses are spread from one person to another; Explain how simple hygiene routines can help to reduce the risk of the spread of infectious illnesses;	Identify ways in which everyone is unique; Appreciate their own uniqueness; Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and times when they will choose differently. Give examples of choices they make for themselves and choices others make for them; Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and times	Know two harmful effects each of smoking/drinking alcohol. Explain the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health. Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Know the basic functions of the four systems covered and know they are interrelated.	Identify aspirational goals; Describe the actions needed to set and achieve these. Explain what the five ways to wellbeing are; Describe how the five ways to wellbeing contribute to a healthy lifestyle, giving examples of how they can be implemented in people's lives. Present information they researched on health and wellbeing issues outlining the key issues and

they have choices Suggest medical and when they will choose Explain the function of making suggestions about these things; non-medical ways of differently. for any improvements at least one internal treating an illness. concerning those organ. Understand the Understand and Understand that the issues. explain that some Develop skills in body gets energy from importance of food. choices can be discussion and food, water and water and oxygen, debating an issue; oxygen and that Identify risk factors in either healthy or sleep and exercise for unhealthy and can exercise and sleep are the human body and a given situation; make a difference Demonstrate their important to our its health. to their own health. understanding of health health: Understand and Identify their own and wellbeing issues explain the outcomes Explain how germs Plan a menu which strengths and talents: of risk-taking in a that are relevant to can be spread; gives a healthy Identify areas that given situation. them; need improvement balance of foods from including emotional Describe simple Empathise with across the food and describe risks. hygiene routines different viewpoints; groups on the Eatwell strategies for to: Guide (formerly achieving those such as hand Make Eatwell Plate). improvements. Explain how a risk washing; recommendations. can be reduced: Understand that based on their Understand the ways State what is meant by in which they can Understand risks vaccinations can research. help to prevent For or against? contribute to the care community; related to growing up of the environment. and explain the need certain illnesses. Identify their to be aware of these: Explain what being Explain the achievements and Suggest ways the part of a school Seven Rs recycling community means to Assess a risk to help importance of good areas of development: dental hygiene; keep themselves methods can be them: Recognise that people applied to different safe. may say kind things to Suggest ways of Describe simple scenarios. dental hygiene help us feel good about improving the school Define what is meant community. routines. ourselves: Harold's bathroom by the word My school community Children will be able Explain why some 'community'; Children will be able groups of people are to:

to:

not represented as

	Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen; Recognise that exercise and sleep are important to health Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, brain); Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood.	much on television/in the media. Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success; Understand and explain how the brain sends and receives messages through the nerves. Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, liver, brain); Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood. Explain some of the different talents and skills that people have and how skills are developed; Recognise their own skills and those of other children in the class.	Suggest ways in which different people support the school community; Identify qualities and attributes of people who support the school community.	Identify people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; Identify ways that they can help these people. Independence and responsibility Children will be able to: Describe 'star' qualities of celebrities as portrayed by the media; Recognise that the way people are portrayed in the media isn't always an accurate reflection of them in real life; Describe 'star' qualities that 'ordinary' people have.	
Growing and changing	Demonstrate simple ways of giving	Identify different types of	Describe some of the changes that happen	Use a range of words and phrases to	Recognise some of the changes they
Jonanging	i waya ar giving	relationships;	onanges that happen	and pindoos to	have experienced

		Т		I	
Key:	positive feedback to	l	to people during their	describe the intensity	and their emotional
	others.	Recognise who they	lives;	of different feelings	responses to those
British values		have positive healthy			changes;
	Recognise the	relationships with.	Name some positive	Distinguish between	
E-safety	range of feelings		and negative feelings;	good and not so good	Suggest positive
	that are associated	Understand what is		feelings, using	strategies for dealing
Sex Education	with losing (and	meant by the term body	<u>Understand how the</u>	appropriate	with change;
	being reunited) with	space (or personal	onset of puberty can	vocabulary to describe	
Underlined	a person they are	space);	have emotional as well	these;	Identify people who
seconds layer of	close to.		as physical impact.	Explain strategies they	can support someone
notification for		Identify when it is		can use to build	who is dealing with a
parents.	Identify different	appropriate or	Suggest reasons why	resilience.	challenging time of
	stages of growth	inappropriate to allow	young people		change.
Oracy	(e.g. baby, toddler,	someone into their	sometimes fall out with	Identify people who	
opportunities	child, teenager,	body space;	their parents;	can be trusted;	Understand that fame
	adult);				can be short-lived;
		Rehearse strategies for	Identify parts of the	Understand what	
Additional trends	Understand and	when someone is	body that males and	kinds of touch are	Recognise that
Strands	describe some of	inappropriately in their	females have in	acceptable or	photos can be
Money / finances	the things that	body space.	common and those	unacceptable;	changed to match
Community	people are capable		that are different;		society's view of
Health /diet /	of at these different	Define the terms		Describe strategies for	perfect;
science / food	stages.	'secret' and 'surprise'	Know the correct	dealing with situations	
		and know the	terminology for their	in which they would	Identify qualities that
	Identify which parts	difference between a	genitalia;	feel uncomfortable,	people have, as well
	of the human body	safe and an unsafe	Understand and	particularly in relation	as their looks.
	are private;	secret;	explain why puberty	to inappropriate touch.	
			happens.		Define what is meant
	Explain that a	Recognise how		Explain how someone	by the term
	person's genitals	different surprises and	Know the key facts of	might feel when they	stereotype;
	help them to make	secrets might make	the menstrual cycle;	are separated from	
	babies when they	them feel;	Understand that	someone.	Recognise how the
	are grown up;		periods are a normal		media can sometimes
		Know who they could	part of puberty for	Suggest ways to help	reinforce gender
		ask for help if a secret	girls;	someone who is	stereotypes;

Understand that humans mostly have the same body parts but that they can look different from person to person.

Explain what privacy means; Know that you are not allowed to touch someone's private belongings without their permission; Give examples of different types of private information.

made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe.

Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm;

Explain what happens when an egg doesn't meet a sperm; Understand that for girls, periods are a normal part of puberty.

Identify some of the ways to cope better with periods.

Preparing for changes at puberty (formerly Period positive/preparing for periods)

Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret:

Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel;

Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe.

Understand that marriage is a commitment to be entered into freely and not against someone's will;

separated from someone or something they like.

Know the correct words for the external sexual organs;

<u>Discuss some of the</u> <u>myths associated with</u> <u>puberty.</u>

Identify some products that they may need during puberty and why;

Know what menstruation is and why it happens.

Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others:

Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way.

Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal; Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people.

Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control, once shared:

Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the influence of the peer group;

Understand the norms of risk-taking behaviour and that these are usually lower than people believe them to be.

Define the word
'puberty' giving
examples of some of
the physical and

Recognise how our emotional changes Recognise that body feels when we're associated with it: marriage includes relaxed: Suggest strategies same sex and opposite sex partners: List some of the ways that would help Know the legal age for our body feels when it someone who felt challenged by the marriage in is nervous or sad: England or Scotland; changes in puberty; Describe and/or Discuss the reasons demonstrate how to Understand what why a person would be resilient in order to FGM is and that it is want to be married, find someone who will an illegal practice in or live together, or listen to you. this country; have a civil Know where Recognise that some ceremony. people can get bullied someone could get because of the way support if they were they express their concerned about their gender; own or another person's safety. Give examples of how bullying behaviours Explain the difference can be stopped. between a safe and an unsafe secret; Stop, start, stereotypes Identify situations Explain the difference where someone between a safe and an might need to break a unsafe secret: confidence in order to keep someone safe. Identify situations where someone might Identify the changes that happen through need to break a

confidence in order to

keep someone safe.

puberty to allow

		sexual reproduction to occur.
		Know a variety of ways in which the sperm can fertilise the egg to create a baby; Know the legal age of consent and what it means.
		Explain how HIV affects the body's immune system; Understand that HIV is difficult to transmit; Know how a person can protect themselves from HIV.

Additional trends

Strands

Money / finances

Community

Health /diet / science / food